THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9351. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, August 4, 1781.

FRENCH CLASSES.----BOARDING.

MR DRUMMOND gives NO VACATION this Season to his FRENCH CLASSES.

A few YOUNG GENTLEMEN, from the age of twelve to sixteen, may be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING, whose Education Mr DRUMMOND will superintend.

CARRUBBER'S CLOSE.

CHINA WAREHOUSE, *Bridge-Street.*

JAMES MASON offers his most sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public for past favours, and acquaints those who wish to favour him with their present commands, to apply during the course of next week, as his warehouse will be shut up from Saturday the 11th curt. to October next, when he will again take the liberty to solicit for their favours.

WILLIAM TROTTER and COMPANY

have opened an elegant and commodious shop, second door from the General Post Office, Bridge Street, where they sell Sweetmeats of all kinds, Ice Fruits and Creams, Fresh Fruits, Groceries, Pickles, Wines, Spirits, and variety of cut and plain Glass Ware, with all other articles in the Grocery business.

N. B. Ice Creams always ready in the Shop.

TOY-SHOP,

Front of the Exchange, Edinburgh.

R. JOHNSTON has provided a Quantity of the best BATTLE GUN-POWDER, the much-approved PATENT-SHOT, and good SCOTS LEAD; Gun-Flints, Powder-Flasks, and Shot-bags; Fowling-Nets, Powder-Magazines, and Spirit-Flasks and Cups; great choice of Single and Double Barrelled Guns; with every other Article of Sportsman's Tackle, at the lowest prices.

N. B. Great choice of Jewellery Goods, Toys, and Hardware, of all kinds. Silver-plate sold or exchanged on the most reasonable terms.

SCHOOLMASTER WANTED.

Dunbar Aug. 3. 1781.

WANTED, for the town of Dunbar, a person well qualified to teach the LATIN, GREEK, and FRENCH LANGUAGES.

The emoluments are Twenty Pounds per annum, payable quarterly, with a House and Garden from the town, and Five Shillings per quarter from each Student.

Candidates are desired to appear at Dunbar on Wednesday the 5th day of September next, when the election will be determined by comparative trial.

*** No Students in Divinity will be received.

Sailors Wages, Pensions, &c.

WHEREAS great difficulty must arise from the intricacy which is unavoidable in office to those who are unacquainted with the usual process in recovering Wages and Prize-money due to Sailors, who may have been discharged from any of the King's ships into hospitals or otherwise, to their widows, or other nearest of kin, or heirs by will, likewise Pensions, Bounties, or Gratuities, in certain cases to Widows, &c.

To assist such, Mr ALEXANDER TROTTER, of the Navy Pay-office, London, offers his service, and will duly execute the commands in that line of any who will do him the favour to advise him what vouchers they possess, and other particulars, with their proper address.

PARISH MEETING.

THE Heritors of the parish of St Cuthberts are desired to attend on Wednesday next, the 8th of August, at twelve o'clock noon, in the West Kirk, (and not in John's Coffeehouse, as mentioned by mistake in the Mercury and Courant of Monday last), for the purpose of laying on an assessment, for the support of the poor of that parish for this current year.

At same time, the Heritors will have under their consideration the state of the assessment laid on for repairing the manse, kirk-yard dykes, &c.

TO BE SOLD,

AN ENSIGNCY in the Additional Company of the 69th Regiment of Foot.—Apply to the Publisher of this paper.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of Mr JAMES STEWART, and GEORGE STEWART of Stewarthall and Kinwhinleck.

THE said Creditors, or their doers, are requested to meet, within the Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 9th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, when a plan for the payment of their debts will be laid before them.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ARCHIBALD ROBERTSON, Esq; of Bedlay.

THE Creditors of said Archibald Robertson are requested to meet, by themselves or their doers, in the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday next, the 8th inst. at six o'clock afternoon, when matters of importance will be laid before them.

Not to be repeated.

NIEL MOCHRIE's CREDITORS.

THE Household Furniture and other effects of the now deceased Niel Mochrie, late vintner in Kirkliftoun, being, in the month of June last, sold by public roup, for payment of a year's rent of his possession, his sick-bed expences, funeral charges, servants wages, &c. there is, after all, a balance of about 7 l. sterling lodged in the hands of Mr Cumberland tenant in Humby, near Queensferry, one of Niel Mochrie's creditors. As this balance would not yield a shilling per pound to the whole creditors, it has been proposed by a number of them to give it to the defunct's Widow, for enabling her to begin business on her own account. Mr Reid, therefore, gives this notice to all concerned, that if none of the creditors claim their share of the above trifling balance within a month from this date, he will consider himself at liberty to pay it to Mrs Mochrie, who both needs and deserves it.

August 4. 1781. Not to be repeated.

GROWING CORNS AND HORSES.

TO be SOLD at INVERESK, by public roup, upon Tuesday the 7th of August,

FIVE FIELDS of OATS, and TWO FIELDS of BARLEY, from eight to ten acres each.—The roup to begin at twelve o'clock.

At same time will be sold, some HORSES, and three MARES with colt foals at their foot, got by Hercules; and in foal to the same horse.

FOR KINGSTON IN JAMAICA,

The Ship CERES, John Boyle Master, lying at Port Glasgow, will be ready to take in goods by the 10th instant, and clear to sail the 25th of September.

For freight or passage apply to Allan, Scot, and Douglas in Glasgow, Messr. Douglas and Campbell, or the master at Port Glasgow.

The Ceres is a large ship, is mounted with twelve carriage guns, and will be well manned. She has good accommodation for passengers, and will call at Cork, if a convoy is appointed to sail near the time.

Glasgow, August 1. 1781.

SADDLERY.

ROBERT PATERSON, at the White Horse, Netherbow, Edinburgh, late Foreman to Mr Blinshall saddler, *HAS OPENED A SHOP FOR SADDLERY,*

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

He has been for some time in LONDON, from whence, and other places in England, he has a neat assortment of the Best and most Fashionable Articles.

Those who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend upon being served on the best terms.——Commissions from the country will be carefully attended to, and pointedly answered.

To be LET, and entered to immediately,

THAT Elegant and Neat finished SHOP, with House and Cellar, in St David's Street, leading from Prince's Street into St Andrew's Square. Is very fit for carrying on the Grocery or Tea Trade, Millinery or Haberdashery Business; would also answer well for an Apothecary, &c.

For particulars, enquire at James Spadin, grocer, first shop below the middle Flesh Market Close Head.

To be SOLD, and entered to immediately,

THE LEASE of CRAIGALLAN BLEACHING and PRINT-FIELD, having 35 years of the tack to run, situated eight miles north of Glasgow, on Allander Water, allowed, by undoubted judges, to be as good as any in Britain, for the foresaid purposes, and has Craigallan-loch for a mill-dam, if necessary to turn Allander into it every night, by proper flood-gates already erected.

There is, upon said field, a mill and boiling-house, a double wash-mill, an iron boiler, kirb, four tubs, cloth-racks, &c. a dyeing-house, with two coppers, and all their apparatus; a calender house, a calender, a print-shop for five tables, with tables, rollers, gum-tubs, a stove, frame, &c.; a large penciling-room above the print shop, table and rollers complete; a large printing press-room, and a copperplate-press turned by water; a large cloth-room, and cutting-room in the garret; a wind-house, with two course of rollers in it. These houses and machinery are all nearly as good as new, having only wrought one whole season since finished. There is also a colour-house, a byre and stable, and several other offices; a dwelling-house and yard, with 13 acres of land belonging to said field. There are above five hundred garment-prints of the most fanciful new patterns, a number of handkerchief-prints, a number of handkerchief-copperplates for linen and cotton; also a quantity of bleaching and dyeing materials; all to be sold on the most reasonable terms. For particulars apply to Robert M'Eldoe, or Andrew Dalgleish, factor for M'Eldoe, Dalgleish, Stevenson, and Co.

Glasgow, August 1. 1781.

LANDS near Falkirk to LET.

THE following FARMS, in the parish of Falkirk, are to be LET for nineteen years, or such other number of years as can be agreed on, and such accommodation and assistance in the way of houses and lime given to the tenants as may be requisite,

1. The Farm possessed by Andrew Hart.
2. The Farm possessed by John Baad.
3. The Farm possessed by William Watson.
4. The Miln possessed by Mr Glen.
5. The Farm possessed by Messrs White and Grahame.
6. Grahame's Muir, as possessed by William Wyse and partners.
7. Longbottom, as possessed by John Ranken and James Thomson.
8. The Farm possessed by James Smith.

Persons inclining to rent or purchase the property of any of these subjects, or to feu small parts of them for houses and yards, may send their proposals in writing to James Ferrier writer to the signet, Edinburgh; and such as are not accepted, will be concealed.

BY Order of SIR MICHAEL BRUCE of Stenhouse, Baronet, Convener of the Trustees for the Turnpike-roads in the counties of Stirling and Linlithgow,

THE Bridge over Carron at Larbert, upon the turnpike-road betwixt Stirling and Falkirk, being old and narrow, and failed in the foundation, and one of the arches rent, a visitation was of it by some of the Trustees and tradesmen, and report made to a Meeting of Trustees, That the bridge stands in absolute need to be rebuilt, and of a greater breadth; and that Meeting appointed plans and estimates of the expence of rebuilding the Bridge to be made by tradesmen, and lodged with the clerk, and some have been lodged. But, in order to fix on what plan may be most proper, and to contract with one to build the New Bridge, a General Meeting of the Trustees is necessary, so as whoever undertakes the work may be providing stones and other materials, so as to build early next season. These are therefore intimating to the Trustees of both counties to meet at Larbert upon Monday the 13th of August current, by eleven o'clock forenoon, to the effect foresaid: And also, to such tradesmen as mean to offer as undertakers, who have not lodged their plans and estimates, to do so before that day; and that all tradesmen inclining to undertake do attend that Meeting.—Subscribed at Stirling, 1st August 1781.

JOHN MACKILLOP, Clerk.

To be SET to the highest Bidders, by Private Offers,

THE Two Farms called *North* and *South Moats,* close to the turnpike-road from Edinburgh to Peebles, at one mile's distance from Roslin, in the barony of Dryden, parish of Lasswade, and county of Edinburgh. The North Moat consists of 32 Scots acres; the South Moat of 52 Scots acres. The present leases expire at Martinmas 1782. They will be set conjunctly or separately. There is a coal lately set agoing in the South Moat farm, the appearances of which are promising. Also, on the lands of Miltonmill, a mile distant, is a Limestone Quarry to be SET.—The roads to the turnpike, to the coal, to the said lime-quarry, and to Roslin, are perfectly good.

Offers to be taken, by letter, until the 15th of November 1781; to be addressed to General Lockhart at Dryden, where James Borthwick gardener will be ready to show the lands and quarries.

Those lands of Dryden, and of Carnwath and Lee, in Clydesdale, have been so poached of late years, that General Lockhart wishes to preserve the game; and hereby assures all unlicensed persons, that they will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

SALE of WOOL.

BY authority of the Court of Session, in the process of furthcoming at the instance of James Mitchell, Merchant in Montrose, against Benjamin Stewart, *alias* Elliot, principal debtor; and David Brown, jun. merchant in Montrose; and others, in whose hands arrestments were used,

There are to be exposed to public roup, at Montrose, within the house of Mrs Driver, vintner there, upon Friday the 17th day of August current, between the hours of four and five afternoon, THIRTY-SIX PACKS of WOOL, lying in said David Brown's Ware-house, in Montrose, which will be shown any day before the roup, by Charles Thomson, jun. writer in Montrose, who is authorised by the Court to sell the same, and in whose hands the articles of roup may be seen.

A NEW WORK.

This day is published,

Handsomely printed in One large Volume, Octavo, price 5 s. 3 d. in Boards, or 6 s. bound,

THE LONDON MERCURY: containing the HISTORY, POLITICS, and LITERATURE of ENGLAND, for the YEAR 1780.

Printed for J. MURRAY, No. 32. Fleet-street, London; and sold at Edinburgh, by BALFOUR and COMPANY, J. BELL, WM. CREECH, and C. ELLIOT.

☞ If there be in this Country a PUBLIC, distinct from all political Parties, a performance of this kind will not want encouragement. But in the *decline* of a government, we ever observe the influence of Faction to predominate over ideas of Patriotism, and the citizens to rank themselves under the banners of a *Marius* or a *Sylla*, a *Pompey* or a *Cæsar*. If the British Government has arrived at this stage of declension, the LONDON MERCURY has made its appearance at too late a period: For undoubtedly it will find few patrons, either among the zealous advocates or opponents of the present Ministry. If, on the contrary, there are men who can hear, with candour and with temper, parties and party-men occasionally censured and occasionally praised, we cannot entertain a doubt of their approbation of the present design; which will enable and encourage us to improve upon our plan, and to render the subsequent volumes of this work still more worthy of their favour and protection.

STATE LOTTERY, 1781.

THE TICKETS, and Shares of Tickets, are sold, and divided into *Halves, Quarters, Eighths,* and *Sixteenths,* by

HAZARD and CO. Stockbrokers,

At their State-Lottery Office, No. 93. under the Royal Exchange, London,—*and no where else on their account.*

Correct Numerical and Register Books are kept, and Tickets and Shares registered at sixpence per number.

Note. In the last and preceding lotteries, the following capital prizes were sold and shared at this Office, viz. three 20,000 l. and two 10,000 l.

THE SCHEME.

No. of Prizes.	*Value of each.*	*Total Value.*
2 of	L. 20,000	is L. 40,000
2	10,000	20,000
3	5,000	15,000
8	2,000	16,000
16	1,000	16,000
30	500	15,000
100	100	10,000
360	50	18,000
15,500	20	310,000
16,021 Prizes		L. 460,000
31,979 Blanks		

	L. 460,000
First drawn ticket for the first six days, 500 l. each,	3000
First drawn ticket for the next six days, 1000 l. each,	6000
First drawn ticket for the 15th and 17th days, 2000 l. each,	4000
First drawn ticket for the 18th and 20th days, 3000 l. each	6000
The last drawn ticket,	1000

48,000 Tickets, L. 480,000

Not two blanks to a prize.—The prizes to be paid without deduction.

PRESENT PRICE OF SHARES:

Half,	L. 7 2 0	Eighth,	L. 1 17 0
Fourth,	3 12 0	Sixteenth,	0 19 0

☞ All Shares sold at this Office will be stamped agreeable to act of Parliament, and also with the Crown, and round it *Hazard's Lottery Office.*

Money for the prizes will be paid at this office as soon as drawn.

Letters (post paid) duly answered, and schemes gratis.

Begins drawing the 15th of November.

N. B. Agreeable to act of Parliament, no business in the lottery transacted before eight o'clock in the morning, nor after eight o'clock in the evening.

Bank, India, and South Sea Stocks, with their several annuities, India Bonds, Navy and Victualling Bills, and all kinds of Government Securities, bought and sold by commission.

Note. No bills can be taken, unless at sight, or a short date.

From the London Papers, July 30.

Elsineur, July 7. The day before yesterday the Sound afforded a most noble prospect; in the morning 380 merchant ships hove in sight; of these 350 were English, and had been convoyed as far as Schagen by six sail of the line, three frigates and three cutters of their own nation, under the command of Admiral Hyde Parker, who remained at Schagen with his squadron, and detached two frigates and a cutter to see the convoy safe into the Sound. A little after they left Schagen they were thrown into a most terrible confusion by the appearance of a strange squadron, which, being taken for Dutch, spread a general alarm throughout the whole fleet; however, their fears were soon removed; for they soon perceived it was the Swedish squadron, which was going to cruize in the North Sea; where, it is said, Admiral Parker intends also to cruize for some time.

Three Dutch East-Indiamen from Batavia and Bengal are safely arrived at Huxholm in Norway: their cargoes are said to be very rich, and the ships names are the Triton, the Oud-Harlem, and the Loo.

Amsterdam, July 21. A fleet of merchantmen sailed yesterday for the Baltic, from the Texel, under convoy of the following ships of war, commanded by Rear-admiral Zoutman:

The Admiral General, 76 guns, 550 men, Vice Admiral Hartsink, had his guns on board of her, but did not sail in her; Admiral de Ruyter, 68 guns, 450 men, Rear Admiral Zoutman; Prince Frederick, 68 guns, 450 men, Solomon Dedel; Zuidbeyeland, 64 guns, 450 men, Bavon de Kinckmel; Admiral Piet-Hein, 54 guns, 300 men, Van Braam; Batavt, 54 guns, 300 men, W. J. Bentinck; Prince Hereditaire, 54 guns, 300 men, J. Z. Nauman; Argo, 44 guns, 250 men, E. C. Staringh; Bellona, 36 guns, 230 men, S. Van Harencars vel Decker; Medenbliche, 36 guns, 230 men, D. J. Van Ryneveld; Concorde, 36 guns, 230 men, S. L. Van Bouritius; Venus, 24 guns, 150 men, Count de Rechteren; Dolphin, 24 guns, 150 men, Corn. Herman Mulder; Ajax, 24 guns, 150 men, Count de Welderen; with the Zeebaars, Spy, Brak, and Kemphaan cutters. To these another account adds, the Prince William, 74 guns, Captain de Bruin; Amphitrite, 36, Captain Braak; and Zephyr, 36, Captain Sels.

Some think that a few of these ships will be detached on a secret expedition, while Admiral Hartsink remains in the Texel with five ships.

Letters from Paris, which are handed about here, say, that de Grasse has taken five sail of the line from the English. No one vouches the authority of the intelligence; but the letters go so far as to name the ships. They are said to be the *Alfred, Monarch, Gibraltar, Torbay,* and *Montague.*

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *July* 31.

St James's, July 31.

THE King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Andrew Stuart, Eſq; to be ſole Clerk and Keeper of the General Regiſter of Seaſines and other writs in Scotland, in the room of John Maule, Eſq; deceaſed.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint David Stewart Moncrieffe, Eſq to be one of the Barons of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, in the room of John Maule, Eſq; deceaſed.

War-Office, July 31. 1781.

Coldſtream regiment of foot guards, Enſign —— Cowall is appointed to be Lieutenant, vice George Mathew. Enſign Richard Earl of Cavan to be Lieutenant, vice Waſhington Shirley. Richard Vachell, Gent. to be Enſign, vice J. Edwards Freemantle.

31ſt Regiment of foot, William Houſtoun, Gent. to be Enſign in one of the additional companies, vice Alexander Adolphus Dalley.

52d Regiment of foot, James Norton, Gent. to be Enſign, vice John Cuninghame.

59th Regiment of foot, Henry Blundell Atherton, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Charles Eaſtgate.

79th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Edward Nightingale, of 97th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Saunders.

97th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Thomas Saunders, of 79th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Edward Nightingale.

Northern regiment of Fencible Men, Enſign Colin Mathiſon to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Mackay. Alexander Forbes, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Colin Mathiſon.

John Montague Clearke, Gent. to be Enſign, in Captain George Katenkamp's Independent Company of foot, vice James Whiting.

Lieutenant George Power, of 68th foot, to be Lieutenant in Captain Godfrey Featherſtone's Independent Company of foot, vice Nathaniel Cooper.

Captain William Stewart, of Sandown Port, to be Captain of an Independent Company of Invalids, vice Thomas Northey.

Captain Thomas Northey, of the invalids, to be Captain of Sandown Port, vice William Stewart.

John Connor, Gent. to be Surgeon to the General Hoſpital for the troops in the Leeward iſlands.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD's, *July* 31.

The Friendſhip, M'Alpin, from Charleſtown to Virginia, was loſt on a reef of rocks in the Cheſapeak; the crew with difficulty ſaved.

The Swallow, M'Cauſland, from London to New York, was taken the 16th ult. lat. 42. long. 56. by the Minerva, Brown, from Newbury, who ſent the prize for New England.

Eſſinore, 17 This morning much thunder and lightning, with hail, and the heavieſt fall of rain ever known in theſe parts, damaged the Polly's, Williamſon, of Scarborough, main-maſt, ſplit her main-top maſt and pump, and damaged the rigging. Arrived the Alert ſloop of war.

The Harlequin, Fayrer, arrived at Liverpool from a cruize, has taken and ſent into Cork a French ſnow, bound from France to Boſton, valued at 500,000 livres.

The Sir Joſeph York privateer of Liverpool, was taken the 17th inſt. off the Saltees, by the Chardren privateer of Dunkirk, of 18 ſix-pounders and 200 men; ſhe had been out ſix weeks, and had taken 16 prizes; ſhe had a conſort in company.

Portſmouth, 29. The Lynx ſloop of war is dropt down to St Helens; the Cerberus frigate has hoiſted a ſignal to convoy the Quebec ſhips.

The Mary Ann, (late Warn) from Briſtol to New York, taken and retaken, and again taken and ranſomed, is arrived at Larne; ſeamen are gone from Liverpool to bring her to that port.

The Kingſton, Spence, from London to Newfoundland, is taken and carried into St Maloes.

Eſſinore, 21. Yeſterday, little wind, at E. N. E. Sailed the homeward-bound trade under convoy of his Majeſty's ſhips Latona, Artois, Leith armed ſhip, Alert, and Corbet ſloops of war; but it is likely they will put back into our Roads, as it begins to blow freſh at N. N. W. the convoy, when round the Scaw, will be joined by Admiral Parker's ſquadron; the Fame, Curwen, from Liverpool, with ſalt, was taken the 29th ult. off Sir Dennithead, by the Fantaſie privateer of Dunkirk, of 16 guns, and ranſomed for 200 guineas, after being plundered, and very ill uſed.

Plymouth, 25. Came in a convoy from Portſmouth. Sailed the Heart of Oak armed ſhip, with a convoy for Briſtol.

The John, Hughes, from Newry to Charleſtown, taken by the Princeſs de Roebuck, is retaken by the Nemeſis frigate.

From the London Papers, July 31.

From the frontiers of Turkey, June 30. It is undoubtedly true that great differences have ariſen between the Porte and Ruſſia: The reaſon of which is, that the Ruſſians, under pretence of carrying on trade, are endeavouring to eſtabliſh themſelves ſtill more and more in Crimea; and that the Kan ſeems to act in concert with them. The Grand Vizir is very uneaſy at the proceedings of the inhabitants of Crimea. He hath alſo depoſed the Governors of ſome provinces whom he ſuſpected of carrying on a private correſpondence with the two nations. It was in order to prevent a revolt, that the Captain Pacha detached from his fleet ſeveral ſhips to the Black Sea, the Archipelago, and Egypt, and he will go in perſon to thoſe places, where his preſence may be more neceſſary.

Genoa, July 1. Among the foreign ſhips lately arrived in this port, was a Dane, from Mahon, by the Captain of which we learn, that the Engliſh ſhip the Tartar had arrived at Gibraltar with ſome proviſions which he had ſhipped at Leghorn for that garriſon. The Captain added, that the commander of the camp at St Roche had ſent notice to General Elliot who commands the above fortreſs, that if he ſhould take it by aſſault, and find proviſions in it for leſs than five months, he would put the whole garriſon to the ſword. The Spaniſh lines advance, and are now ſo cloſe, that they can hear the Engliſh talk; however, a bomb thrown lately from the garriſon into the camp of St Roche did a great deal of damage.

Cadiz, July 6. The French ſquadron, under the command of the Count de Guichen, entered our bay this day; it conſiſts of four ſhips of 110 guns, one of 80, nine of 74, four of 64, three frigates from 30 to 40 guns, and other ſmaller ſhips; the Majeſteux of 110, and the frigate la Precieuſe, were already arrived the 3d.

The Sieur Gabriel Lallement, Captain of the Neptune, an American goelette of 12 guns and 22 men, arrived from Philadelphia in 25 days, reports, that eight or ten days before his departure, (that is to ſay about the firſt of June) the conqueſt of Penſacola was given out as a fact; that the 11th of laſt month, being yet in Delaware bay, he fell in with four American brigantines, that had left the Havannah the 4th, and that he had learned by their Captains, that part of the troops of the expedition againſt Penſacola were already returned to the Havannah, after the taking of that place.

The King has juſt learnt, by a letter from the Governor of the Havannah, of the 29th of May, received by the way of Philadelphia, that on that very day the ſquadron commanded by Don Joſeph Solano, entered the port of the Havannah, in conſequence of the taking Penſacola, which ſurrendered the 8th of the ſame month, and whoſe garriſon were all made priſoners of war. On that occaſion Te Deum has been ſung at the Havannah three days ſucceſſively, under a diſcharge of the artillery of the place and of the fortreſs. We alſo know by the ſame letter, that the vaſt poſſeſſions of Weſt Florida are actually under the dominion of his Majeſty; and that the enemy is entirely expelled from the Gulph of Mexico.

A letter from the Preſident of Guatimala, dated April 5. addreſſed likewiſe to the Governor of the Havannah, informs us alſo, that the detachment deſtined to drive out the enemy from the river and port of St Juan, and viſit that place, after having retaken the fort of that name, had completely fulfilled their object. The Engliſh had miſcarried, and left in that port a frigate, eight pirogues, and a ſloop of 12 guns, which they had employed in the ſiege of that place. They had likewiſe left a great quantity of bullets and ſtores in good condition. As ſoon as we ſhall have received the particulars, which are expected here, they will be made public.

His Majeſty, willing to celebrate, in a ſuitable manner, events ſo glorious, has ordered Te Deum to be ſung in his Royal chapel.

Cadiz, June 26. The Duke de Crillon arrived here this day. The troops will embark immediately. And the activity of the Commander makes it imagined that they will not remain long in harbour.

Corunna, June 27. The Rambler, American privateer, beſides the Snake, and ſeveral other prizes, on the 22d of this month, met eight ſail of Engliſh ſhips, of which ſhe took four, two of which, with the Rambler, came in here yeſterday. On board them are thirty Engliſh families, and ſome Jew families, that were retiring from Gibraltar. Theſe paſſengers ſay, that ſince the commencement of the bombarding, above 800 perſons had died there.

Amſterdam, July 25. We have advice this day, from Beverwyck, and ſeveral other parts of North Holland, that a heavy cannonade was heard yeſterday morning, which continued the whole day, and occaſioned the report of an engagement between the fleet of the Republic and that of England; but letters from Helſtein and other maritime places, are ſilent on the ſubject.

Hague, July 26. Since yeſterday, a report has prevailed here, that there has been an action between our fleet, under the command of Rear Admiral Zoutman, and the Engliſh ſquadron under Admiral Parker; but no authentic news of ſuch a nature is yet received.

From the ROYAL GAZETTE, SOUTH CAROLINA.

Charleſtown, April 11. A band of wretches, forced from civil ſociety by their crimes, have lately made an irruption into the lower parts of this province. On the 8th of this month, 15 of them ſurrounded the houſe of Doctor Clitheral, at the Horſe-ſhoe; and by pretending they had a meſſage of conſequence for their maſter, they prevailed upon the ſervants to give them admittance. A young gentleman, lately returned from England, Mr John Inglis, happened to be at the Doctor's on a viſit, and being awakened by the noiſe they made, came haſtily down ſtairs, naked and defenceleſs, to enquire into the cauſe of the diſturbance; one of the ruffians inſtantly met him with his muſket, and diſcharged its contents into his breaſt. Mr Inglis immediately expired. Doctor Clitheral was carried away priſoner to the quarters of one Harding, whom they call Colonel, whence he returned yeſterday to town on his parole.

No ſurer teſt can be given of the expiring power of Congreſs, than that, confeſſing their inability to oppoſe bravely in the field the progreſs of the Britiſh armies, they now retain murderers and aſſaſſins in their ſervice; that conſcious of their impotency to conquer, they derive pleaſure from the miſery and ſufferings of individuals. Mr Inglis, from the amiableneſs of his manners, and his abſence for ſome years from this country, could have had no perſonal enemies. The guilt of his murder muſt therefore wholly fall upon the Congreſs, under whoſe orders the ruffians have acted. Virtuous body! diſintereſted band of patriots, ſelected from the common maſs of your countrymen, for your wiſdom and integrity of heart! confide not too much in the ſtrength of your capital, or the fidelity of your followers; Britiſh valour and conduct may overcome the former, and ſelf-intereſt may prompt the latter to attone for their own crimes, by the ſacrifice of their leaders; for diſtreſs ever diſſolves thoſe combinations of men, whoſe only bond of union is a community of guilt. When this period arrives, and we truſt it is not far diſtant, in vain will you look for pity from thoſe whoſe relations and friends you have baſely aſſaſſinated; as pity is but weakneſs, when extended to deliberate crimes, and wanton cruelty.

Mr Oſborne, who kept a ſtore at Pocotaligo, has been alſo murdered by the ſame banditti, and in a manner too ſhocking to relate.

LONDON.

This day arrived at the General Poſt-office, a mail from Liſbon, which was brought over in his Majeſty's packet-boat the Hanover, Captain Todd, after a long paſſage of 27 days.

This morning ſome diſpatches were received at Lord Hillſborough's office from Liſbon, which were brought over in the Hanover packet, arrived at Falmouth.

This morning ſome diſpatches were received from Admiral Darby, which are dated Friday morning, in ſight of Scilly, all well.

This morning fifty ſail of ſhips from New-York and the Baltic arrived at their moorings in the River.

The French, it is ſuſpected, have long been meditating an attack upon Quebec; but it would require ſuch a force to reduce Canada as the enemy cannot ſpare out of the Weſt Indies, without riſquing the loſs of all their late conqueſts as well as of their own iſlands.

If we may believe the accounts from abroad, M. de Bouillé has garriſoned Gros Iſlet, and the fort he took on St Lucia, with 1300 men, in the deſign, no doubt, of returning to complete the entire conqueſt of that iſland, when his other views are accompliſhed.

The Britiſh fleet in the Weſt Indies laſt ſummer amounted to 36 ſail of the line, viz. four at Jamaica, and 32 at the Leeward Iſlands; at preſent there are four at Jamaica, and 21 at the Leeward Iſlands, making in all only 25; this reduction has been occaſioned by the loſs of four ſhips of the line, and others which have returned to Europe to repair.

The ſhips returned home ſince laſt ſummer are, the Berwick of 74, Boyne 70, Conqueror 74, Cumberland 74, Eliſabeth 74, Fame 74, Magnificent 74, Lion 64, Vigilant 64, Vengeance 74, Yarmouth 64, Medway 60, Egmont 74, Suffolk 74, Grafton 74, and Trident of 64 guns. The four laſt came home with the laſt Jamaica fleet.

The freſh ſhips which have been ſent out to the Weſt Indies during the laſt twelve months are, the Barfleur of 96, Gibraltar 80, Alfred 74, Invincible 74, Monarch 74, Reſolution 74, Ramillies 74, Princeſſa 70, Belliqueux 64, Prince William 64, and Panther of 60 guns.

The fleet which ſailed lately for Africa, with Commodore Shirley, in the Leander of 50 guns, has on board 700 recruits to re-enforce the Britiſh garriſons on that coaſt.

By a private, though authentic letter by the lateſt conveyance from the Eaſt-Indies, we learn, that the Company's ſervants have formed great expectations that the beſieged at Wandiwaſh will be able to impede the further progreſs of Hyder Ali into the Carnatic, at leaſt till ſuch time as a grand deſign, ſome time in contemplation, ſhall have ripened into maturity for action, and which it is thought will for ever eclipſe the boaſted power of that Aſiatic adventurer.

The alarm given by the Directors to the Proprietors having pretty well ſubſided, it is high time to conſider what may probably be the next accounts from India:

Mr Haſtings wrote in January, that he expected the ratification of a treaty with the Mahrattas in three weeks. By this time he will have heard of the war with the Dutch, and in conſequence will have ſeized all their factories in Bengal, with the immenſe wealth they contain. The Company's ſhare will abundantly ſupply the inveſtments he was unable otherwiſe to have made. This will be another St Euſtatius buſineſs; only in this caſe the Company will reap the advantage inſtead of the Crown, or thoſe the Crown gave it to. At the Cape, when the little St Helena advice-boat was taken the beginning of April, the Dutch were in no preparation for defence. They were indeed beginning works, but they were not likely to be very reſpectable when Commodore Johnſtone might be expected to arrive, and the gallant Meadows with his troops will not be eaſily repulſed. If the Cape falls, the French will be unable to maintain their garriſons at Mauritius, much leſs fit out expeditions from it, and the whole of the Company's territory will be ſecured againſt any European enemy; and if a few of their late and preſent ſervants are properly puniſhed for their injuſtice to the natives, peace will probably be ſoon reſtored with the country powers, and all things proſper again. While the dividend continues at eight per cent. (and there is no real probability of its being reduced) the Proprietors ought to value their ſtock, compared with the Government ſecurities and national intereſt of five per cent. at 160 l. and therefore the ſpreading alarms of loſing Madras, and other misfortunes to the Company, which might make the Proprietors afraid of loſing their capitals, or being reduced in their dividends, and ſo part with their ſtock at an under price, is criminal; and it ought to be the care of the Directors to protect the honeſt and timid Proprietors againſt the effects of ſuch practices, and, by an immediate and full publication of advices, let them know the real ſtate of their affairs.

A letter from the Hague, by the laſt mail, has the following article: "We have great reaſon to believe here, that ſome plan is in agitation for a negociation to be entered into, in order to bring about a general peace, as expreſſes are paſſing daily from hence to Peterſburgh. Private conferences are almoſt daily held with the Ruſſian, the French, and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors. It is the wiſh of moſt people, that the preſent war may not be of much longer duration, as it greatly affects the trade of the ſeveral provinces.

There is great reaſon to believe that Sir George Rodney has ſent home official intelligence to Government of the late operations in the Weſt Indies; and that the conveyance has fallen into the hands of the enemy, ſince it is now very near two months from the time that Tobago is ſaid to have been taken.

The two following letters were publiſhed in Paris about ten days ago, as authentic; written on account of the conduct of Sir George Rodney at St Euſtatius.

Sir George Rodney to the Marquis de Bouille.

"I have received the letters which your Excelleucy did me the honour to write to me; and I am hurt that a perſon of ſo diſtinguiſhed a rank and character as the Marquis de Bouille, ſhould, in conſequence of information, which he confeſſes he received through indirect channels, demean himſelf ſo much as deſcend to menaces: Britiſh Admirals are unacquainted with fear, and know not what it is to threaten; they are reſponſible for their conduct to none but to their King and their country: they never look for glory in inſulting their enemies: they have always treated them with reſpect and humanity. But a perfidious people, wearing the maſk of friendſhip, traitors to their country and rebels to their King, are not entitled to indulgence or reſpect; and ſhall never meet with either at my hands."

The Marquis de Bouille to Admiral Rodney.

"I am ſatisfied that a Britiſh Admiral and a French General ought to be reſponſible only to their King and their country. To both I owe reprifals; and cruel as it may be to have recourſe to them, you ſet the example at St Euſtatius, and I muſt purſue it. You laid down the law, and I ſhall ſtrictly adhere to it. Your Excellency, no doubt, forgot that you was writing to a French General, who, from the events of war, has been for ſome time in the habit of deſpiſing Britiſh inſolence. I had the honour to write to your Excellency that I would not exchange any more priſoners; they ſhall all, without exception, be ſent to France. I repeat once more, that you may act as you pleaſe towards our flags of truce; to quiet your apprehenſions on that head, I ſhall ſend no more. In future, the interpreters of our ſentiments ſhall be our cannons; by theſe means we ſhall avoid all political diſputes, ſo faſtidious and diſguſting in themſelves, and which are more in the department of ambaſſadors than of ſoldiers."

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, July 31.

"Though there has been for ſeveral days paſt, a pretty general report about town, of a treaty being opened for a peace between Great Britain and the Court of Spain, and that Lord Carliſle was to go out as Ambaſſador on the part of the Britiſh nation, you may be aſſured there is no foundation whatever for the report; and what renders it rather ridiculous is, that it is a well-knowh fact, that the French and Spaniſh fleets have joined together, and with an intention of making a very formal and deſperate attack upon Gibraltar.

"Within theſe ſeveral days paſt, very conſiderable bets have been offered, and accepted, that Gibraltar will be in the hands of our enemy within the ſpace of a month from that preſent time; but thoſe well acquainted with that important fortreſs do not think we have any thing to fear in that quarter of the world.

"Though news is hourly expected from all parts, it was never more ſcarce than it is at preſent, there being ſcarcely any thing ſtirring either of a foreign or domeſtic nature.

"Monſ. Le Thulemeyer, and Monſ. Le St Saphorun, Envoys Extraordinary from the Courts of Berlin and Copenhagen, have each had ſeparate conferences with the members of the government of Holland, on the 25th inſtant, at the Hague.

The neceſſary orders have been iſſued by his Serene Highneſs the Stadholder, as Admiral-General of the Republic, ſtrictly forbidding their ſhips of war and cruizers committing any hoſtilities in the Baltic.

"There is a report very current this evening, that news had come to Old Spain of a revolt having happened at either Mexico or Peru, which had aroſe to a very formidable height. All the Governors, Judges, and men in power are ſaid to have fallen a ſacrifice to the fury of the populace, and a great many lives were loſt. Some ſay 500 fell on the ſide of the Spaniſh Government. The revolters, no doubt, muſt have ſuffered greatly; but, by the great devaſtation talked of, they ſeem to have carried all before them.

"This day the Perſion Chiefs took leave of the Directors of the Hon. Eaſt India Company, and to-morrow are to ſet off, over land, for the Eaſt Indies."

"The Miniſtry are in hourly expectation of the moſt important news from Admiral Darby, who certainly has orders to engage the French fleet, if poſſible, before they have formed a junction with the Spaniſh ſquadron.

"There is no foundation for the report, grounded on a letter from Exeter, that the Emperor of Germany had arrived there.

"Authentic letters from the firſt people at St Kitt's, repreſent that iſland to be in a very defenceleſs ſtate, and every day under the greateſt apprehenſions of an attack from the French.

"The property of Meſſ. Governeur and Curſon, who were the moſt eminent merchants on the iſland of St Euſtatia, and who have been ſent home by Sir George Rodney, is eſtimated at 200,000 l. Sterling. They are both of them committed for high treaſon.

"Admiral Darby's fleet, with which he is now cruizing, conſiſts of 25 ſail of the line, as under;

Ships.	Guns.	Commanders.
Britannia,	104	Vice-Admiral Darby. Rear-Admiral Kempenfelt. Captain Bradley.
Royal George,	104	Rear-Admiral Roſs. Captain Bourmaſter.
[illegible]ory,	100	Captain Howarth.
[illegible]rge,	96	Rear-Admiral Darby. Captain Williams.
Duke,	98	Sir Charles Douglas.
Queen,	98	Hon. Fred. Maitland,
Formidable,	98	John Cleland.
Ocean,	94	Geo. Ourry.
Namur,	90	Herbert Sawyer.
Union,	90	John Dalrymple.
Foudroyant,	80	John Jarvis.
Alexander,	74	Lord Longford.
Courageux,	74	Lord Mulgrave.
Conqueror,	74	Wm. Dickſon.
* Canada,	74	—— ——.
Cumberland,	74	Joſ. Peyton.
Defence,	74	James Cranſton.
Valiant,	74	Goodall.
Edgar,	74	Eraſmus Gower.
Marlborough,	74	Taylor Penny.
Inflexible,	64	R. Cotton.
Repulſe,	64	Sir Digby Dent.
* Saint Albans,	64	Charles Inglis.
* Lion,	64	Hon. Wm. Cornwallis.
Medway,	60	H. Hamond.
FRIGATES, &c.		
* Perſeverance,	38	Captain Lutwidge.
Ambuſcade,	32	Conway.
Alarm,	32	Cotton.
Emerald,	32	Marſhall.
Juno,	32	Montague.
* Succeſs,	32	Pole.
Crocodile,	24	King.
Narciſſus,	24	Edwards.
Zebra,	16	Boucheir.
FIRESHIPS.		
Firebrand,		Captain Robertſon.
Furnace,		Wright.
Harpy,		Cayley.
Lightning,		Campbell.

Two cutters and two ſtoreſhips.

"The ſhips marked thus * are known to be deſtined for America."

It is recorded of Sir Francis Walſingham, one of Queen Eliſabeth's miniſters, that he maintained fifty-three agents and eighteen ſpies in foreign Courts; and had all the private papers in Europe conveyed, for which the nation were not put to any charge whatever. Of the ſame ſtateſman, it muſt be added, he paid ſo little attention to his own private intereſt, that he died ſo poor, he was, on account of his debts, buried privately by night in St Paul's Cathedral, without any funeral ſolemnity whatever.

This day, a proclamation was publiſhed through the city, by order of the Lord Provoſt and Magiſtrates, intimating, that the oatmeal formerly purchaſed by them for the uſe of the inhabitants, is now reduced from 9 d. to 8 d. *per* peck.

Mrs Campbell of Carrick died at Camſail, on the 31ſt ult.

On Wedneſday laſt, died, at Buchlyvie Houſe in Fife, Mrs Wemyſs, ſpouſe to Major Wemyſs of the 63d regiment, and daughter of William Wemyſs of Cuthelhill, Eſq;

Yeſterday morning, died, very deſervedly regretted, Mr John Dryburgh, ſhip-builder in Leith, a young gentleman of the moſt benevolent diſpoſition, and of ſingular ability in his profeſſion.

Wedneſday night, a poor woman in the Graſs-market, being ſeized with the pains of child-labour, in the ſixth month of her pregnancy, was delivered, by Profeſſor Hamilton, of three boys and a girl. The three boys were brought to the world alive; but, owing to their premature birth, could not long exiſt. Inſtances of women conceiving ſo many children are extremely rare in this or any other country. What renders the preſent ſtill more remarkable, is, that the mother is upwards of forty years of age, and that this is the firſt time ſhe ever was pregnant.

The Right Hon. Sir Laurence Dundas, Bart. has ſubſcribed fifty guineas for the purchaſe of a houſe and repoſitory to the Society of Antiquaries in this city.

Yeſterday, about a hundred Spaniſh priſoners embarked at Leith on board a cartel ſhip for Spain. This is the firſt exchange of Spaniſh priſoners that has taken place from Scotland, ſince hoſtilities commenced.

The cartel from Leith to Calais, with the Rohan de Soubiſe's crew, is arrived at Dunkirk, where a new ſhip, of the ſame ſize, was within a few days of being ready for ſea, and the maſter of the Soubiſe to have the command.

The Mary, Kinnear, belonging to Glaſgow, on her paſſage from Cork to New York, was taken by a Maryland privateer, and ſent for Philadelphia. The mate is arrived at Nantz in France, from which place he has ſent the above account.

Extract of a letter from Cork, July 26.

"Tueſday laſt arrived at Cove, the Defiance brig, Capt. Iſaac Griffiths, from New York, who declares, that on the 21ſt of June, in lat. 38. 55. N. long. 64. W. he was boarded by a rebel letter of marque, called the Congreſs, from Newberry to Cape Francois, who plundered him of his quadrants, two compaſſes, his journal, log-book, all the ſhip's papers they could find, cut the ſails from the yards, unbent his cables, and took the beſt on board, together with two of his men, the veſſel leaky, then left him to proceed in that wretched condition for England: That, on the 20th inſt. off the Shellick Rock, to the north of Cape Clear, he fell in with two French privateers, one called Le Frederick, mounting 20 guns, the other the Tartar, of 12 guns, both from St Maloes, who ranſomed him, leaving him only two men and one boy: That the privateers kept company with him for four days, cruizing from the Cape to the Mizen Head: They had a hooker ſupplying them with freſh proviſions. The privateers had [illegible] of them a pilot fr[illegible] the ſhore on board.

"[illegible] day arrived at Cove, the Ruzi of and for Breſt, John Simmons maſter, laden with naval ſtores, for Rhode Iſland, prize to the Harlequin privateer of Liverpool."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, July 28.

"Laſt Thurſday, at nine in the morning, the Goodwill of Workington, Captain Fearon, in company with the Favourite of ſaid place, Captain Medcalf, bound to Kinſale, the Saltées then bearing N. N. E. five leagues diſtant, fell in with a lugger privateer, who fired a gun between the veſſels, on which the Favourite came to, while the Goodwill ſtanding to the eaſtward got clear; before which, the lugger deſcrying a third veſſel, made chace after her, by which circumſtance both of the firſt veſſels happily eſcaped.

"By a letter from the county of Wicklow we hear, that an enemy's cruizer was ſeen off the coaſt, on Wedneſday laſt, and in purſuit of a veſſel going down the Channel. Till either our Parliament vote a ſupply for building and manning frigates to cruize conſtantly round the kingdom, or that Government will order a number of frigates ſolely to that purpoſe, we can never expect that our commerce can be in any tolerable ſtate of ſafety.

"We are informed by a gentleman who attended the city meeting on Thurſday, on the ſubject of the addreſs to his Majeſty concerning the preſent choſen ſpot for the new Cuſtom-houſe, that the fulleſt determination appeared in the words and countenances of all preſent, to oppoſe ſo venal and injurious a meaſure. It is devoutly to be hoped his Majeſty will well conſider the conſequence of an abſolute refuſal to comply with the prayer of the addreſs. The peace of the city may be endangered from the violence of different partizans, and more ill will be generated and eſtabliſhed than half a century may eradicate.

"From the juſt and ſpirited petition of our citizens, which is to be preſented to the King, reſpecting a new Cuſtom-houſe, his Majeſty will form a proper judgment of the ſenſe and diſintereſtedneſs of the adviſers to this very hurtful, abſurd meaſure. It is therefore more than probable that he will take this opportunity of complying with the reaſonable deſires of his loyal ſubjects in Dublin, in the moſt obliging manner. But leſt partial or falſe repreſentations may be further made, would it not be proper to ſend over two or three gentlemen from the mercantile walk, who might explain matters fully, or anſwer ſuch objections as ſhould be offered? for if the petition be referred to the E——ſh A——y G—n—l, ſuch perſons in London may be neceſſary.

"Mr Sempil, who is employed as maſon for the erection of the new Cuſtom-houſe, yeſterday declared a proper and deſirable foundation was procured for the eaſtern line of the building."

Extract of a letter from Paiſley, Auguſt 1.

"Yeſterday, came on here, before the Sheriff-depute of Renfrewſhire, the trial of John Craig, ſome time travelling merchant in England, and thereafter change-keeper at Quarrelton near Paiſley, accuſed of the crimes of theft from the ſilk manufacturers here, or reſet of goods ſtolen from them. Meſſ. Robert Cullen and Thomas Wilſon, Advocates, appeared for the pannel, and Profeſſor Millar, in Glaſgow, for the proſecution.—After learned pleadings on the relevancy of the libel, which continued till three o'clock, the ſame was found relevant.—The trial was adjourned till nine o'clock this day, when the examination of witneſſes came on."

Extract of a letter from Lochmaben, July 21.

"On Monday night laſt, a dreadful alarm was given to ſome of the inhabitants here by fire. Some malicious perſon or perſons, under the ſcreen of night, ſet fire to no fewer than 27 ricklings of peats, belonging to a poor farmer, who is very unable to ſuſtain the loſs. The ricklings were at ſuch a diſtance from each other, that no one of them could communicate fire to another; ſo that it would appear, that 27 live coals muſt have been made uſe of to accompliſh this miſchievous action.—If the wind had ſhifted in the time that the peats were burning, a lint-mill, at a very ſmall diſtance, would undoubtedly have been reduced to aſhes."

To the Publiſher of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR, *Aberdeen-ſhire, July 21, 1781.*

AS I find that your paper is ever open to complaints of public grievances, I have troubled you with the following, which, through your medium, will reach the eye of thoſe who can grant redreſs.

When the Legiſlature, about two years ago, laid private diſtilling under more ſevere reſtrictions than it had felt in former times, the object in view was, no doubt, the improvement of the revenue. The exciſemen, as ſoon as the law took effect, buſied themſelves in ſeizing and deſtroying ſuch ſtills as, being of illegal ſize, were in ſuch ſituation, in other reſpects, as rendered them liable to capture. This conduct, though unpopular, gave private diſtilling an effectual check.

Laws, however, are often abuſed, often perverted, to purpoſes totally different from thoſe they were intended to anſwer. The exciſemen in this, and other northern ſhires, (how it may be in the ſouthern I know not) ſoon became ſenſible, that the breaking down of the ſtills put a ſtop to the advantages themſelves reaped by the ſeizure of ſpirits produced by theſe ſtills. And now the practice is, to diſcover as many ſtills as poſſible; but, inſtead of breaking them down, the upper part of the body is cut from the lower, the head being left entire: Or, they pretend to deſtroy theſe utenſils, by piercing two or three holes in the head, and as many in the upper part of the body. Any man who has ever thought on the ſubject, is ſenſible, that ſtills, treated in either way, can very quickly be rendered fit for uſe again; but, before reparation, the ſtill is generally ſold by the exciſeman to one who has occaſion for ſuch an implement, often to an agent for him from whom it was taken, and not ſeldom to the former owner himſelf. The buyer holds forth to the exciſeman, that he is never to apply the material to its former purpoſe; yet the ſtill, as ſoon as it is purchaſed, is carried to be ſet to rights again. I am informed, that, in ſome inſtances, the exciſeman tolerates thoſe who have bought ſtills from him to uſe them.

By theſe means, private diſtilling goes on as briſk as formerly, and the exciſeman enjoys, as uſual, his game of catching the ſpirits on their way to market. He has this additional advantage, that, as he knows where the ſtill is, he frequently makes profit, by reſuming it, and ſelling it over again to another; for the ſtill having been again put to uſe, there is a good plea for a ſecond ſeizure.

Thus the law is defeated, and the honeſt laborious ſubjects of the King have their property ſported away by the exciſeme: I ſay honeſt and laborious; for, in theſe times, when grain is ſo little in demand, the poſſeſſors of it are driven by neceſſity to diſtill, in order to convert ſome of their grain into money. The liquor too that is left, after diſtillation, affords to the poor man's cows a very nouriſhing draught; an important point now, when fodder is ſo ſcarce. Yet the farmers are vexed; and for what purpoſe? Not to ſerve the revenue; for private diſtilling goes on as faſt as ever it did. They are vexed merely to gratify the exciſeman's avarice. They are ſo much haraſſed, that a ſober thinking perſon would be apt to imagine it was the intention of Government's ſervants to render the Government as odious to the people as poſſible. And I aſk thoſe who have the management, Whether, in theſe times, it be prudent to do what may have the ſmalleſt tendency to ſtir up diſaffection?

Either generouſly connive at private diſtilling, (ſince private diſtilling, after all you have been able to do, is now as much practiſed as ever it was); or, if you are determined to repreſs it, cut the ſtills you ſeize in ſuch a manner as to render them totally unfit for reparation. Do not let the exciſeman make a trade of them. Do not let him uſe the people as ferocious animals treat their living prey, which, after catching, they often let go again, that they may reiterate the malignant pleaſure of ſeizing and diſtreſſing it, while it has any life left.

I am, Sir, your moſt humble ſervant,

A. B.

PASSED THE SOUND.

July 19. Succeſs of and from Dyſart, Whyte, for Peterſburgh, with coals.
Mary of and from Leith, Hay, for ditto, in ballaſt.
Lovely Nelly of Torryburn, Black, from Copenhagen, for Leith, with roſin.

ARRIVED AND REMAIN,

21. Salton of and for Aberdeen, Cruden, from Peterſburgh, flax.
Lilly and Janet of and for Airth, Matſon, from ditto, ditto.

On the 20th, ſailed the Latona and Artois frigates, the Leith armed ſhip, and three cutters, with the convoy for Britain.

ELSINORE, JULY 21. 1781. Wind W. N. W.

WALTER WOOD.

LEITH SHIPPING.

ARRIVED,

Aug. 2. Mary and Betty, Smith, from Sromneſs, with meal.
Succeſs, Ferrier, from Alloa, with iron.
Anno Cathorina, Pederſon, from Fiſherrow, in ballaſt.
Eliſabeth, Caſſie, from North Berwick, with grain.
3. Mary, Souter, from Peterhead, in ballaſt.
Culroſs, Engliſh, from Wiſhbeach, with oats.
4. Sea Nymph, Torry, from Wales, with grain.
Jean, Fife, from Glaſgow, with goods.
Iſobel and Mary, Harlow, from Alloa, in ballaſt.
Janet and Margaret, Muir, from North Berwick, with grain.

SAILED,

Betty and Bell, Allan, for Hull, with goods.
Peggie, Monro, for Inverneſs, with ditto.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, GREENOCK.

ARRIVED,

July 30. Friendſhip, M'Arthur, from Belfaſt, with goods.
Primroſe, Gray, from Aberdeen, with meal.
31. Janet and Jean, White, from Southampton, with timber.
Aug. 1. Godfrey, Fitzgerald, from Dungarvan, with oats.
Jenny, Hunter, from Lairne, with limeſtones.
2. Amelia, Gillies, from Inverary, with oats.

SAILED,

July 31. Nancy, M'Lea, for Newry, with goods.
Aug. 1. Janet, Lato, for Dublin, with coals.
Lancaſter, Barrord, for Belfaſt, with rum.
2. Elick, Watſon, for Dublin, with goods.
Dido, Telfer, for the Highlands, in ballaſt.
Jenny, Sharp, for Dublin, with goods.
Fancy, M'Iver, for Stornaway, with empty barrels.

This day is publiſhed,

Price 5s. 6d. in boards, and 6 s. bound,

By J. Balfour, W. Gordon, J. Dickſon, C. Elliot, and J. Donaldſon,

THE

NEW ANNUAL REGISTER;

OR,

General Repoſitory of Hiſtory, Politics, and Literature, for the Year 1780.

To which is prefixed,

A ſhort Review of the Tranſactions of the preſent Reign.

Of *C. Elliot*, and the other Bookſellers may be had,

Volume X. of the Modern Univerſal Hiſtory, new edition.—Alſo,

The Ancient Univerſal Hiſtory, new edition, complete in 18 volumes.

A SALE OF LAW BOOKS, &c.

Upon Tueſday next the 7th inſt. will be opened,

A SALE of BOOKS, at the Shop of GORDON and MURRAY, Parliament-ſquare, conſiſting chiefly of Books in the Law of Scotland, among which are the ſcarce Books.——Some fine editions of the Claſſics, &c. &c.——Catalogues, with the prices, may be had upon calling at the above ſhop, where the books are to be ſeen.

At the ſame time will be SOLD,

A parcel of PRINTS, many of them by the firſt Artiſts; a Pair of Globes in fine order; Atlas's and a parcel of Single Maps, among which are the ſeat of the war in the Eaſt and Weſt Indies, &c.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of the deceaſed GEORGE PILMOR of Kirkton merchant in Dundee are deſired to meet by themſelves or their agents, in the Exchange Coffee-houſe, on Wedneſday next, the 8th of Auguſt, at one o'clock afternoon.

A ROUP OF FURNITURE AT INVERESK.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, at Inveresk, upon Monday the 13th day of Auguſt current, and following days, beginning each day at eleven o'clock forenoon,

The HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and other Goods that belonged to the deceaſed Lady Æmilia Halket, including a large and valuable collection of China Ware, ſundry genteel pieces of Silver Plate, a great aſſortment of Bed and Table Linen, ſome valuable Wines and other Liquors: As alſo, many elegant Beds and Bedding, Cabinets, Mirror Glaſſes, Mahogany Tables and Chairs, Carpets, &c.

There will likewiſe be ſold a FOUR-WHEELED POST CHAISE, in good condition, with Harneſs for two horſes, and alſo ſeveral good Milk Cows, and a variety of other articles.

The Manſion-houſe, Offices, Gardens, and Incloſures at Inveresk, lately poſſeſſed by the ſaid Lady Æmilia Halket, are to be SOLD or LET by private bargain; and may be entered to by a purchaſer or tenant immediately after the roup of the Furniture.

SALE OF THE LANDS OF BUGHT, &c.
NEAR INVERNESS.

TO be expoſed to voluntary roup and ſale, within the houſe of John Etles vintner in Inverneſs, on Wedneſday the 5th day of September next, at twelve o'clock noon,

The Lands of BUGHT, and BLEACHFIELD

thereof, which belonged to the deceaſed William Fraſer town-clerk of Inverneſs, ſituated on the weſt ſide of the river Neſs, contiguous to the ſiſard, and within a ſhort pleaſant walk of the town. There is a neat modern manſion-houſe on the lands, conſiſting of 9 fire-rooms and a kitchen, elegantly finiſhed, with barns, byres, ſtables, and coach-houſe.

Copies of the rental, and inventory of the progreſs will be ſhown by Mr John Grant factor of Fairntoſh, at Ryefield, and by James Fraſer writer to the ſignet in Edinburgh.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 6th day of Auguſt curt. betwixt the hours of 5 and 6 afternoon,

All and Whole that LODGING, back and fore,

being the fourth ſtorey above the ſhops of that tenement of land called BISHOP's LAND, lying on the north ſide of the High Street of Edinburgh, a little below the New Bridge, with the cellar and pertinents thereto belonging —The premiſſes conſiſt of a large dining room, drawing room, bed chamber, and bed cloſet, to the ſtreet; three good bed chambers backward; a kitchen and ſervants room, to which there is a ſeparate entry, and two garrets which enter by a ſtair within the houſe.

The progreſs of writs, which are clear, with the articles and conditions of ſale, will be ſhown by Joſeph Cauvin writer in Edinburgh, to whom any deſirous of further particulars may apply.

Sale of a Brewerie and Houſes in Leith.

TO be SOLD by private Bargain, The large and commodious BREWERIE, lying in the Sheriff-brae of Leith, the property of Mr Robert Cairns, fitted up with granaries, malt-barns, &c. ſome years ago, at great expence, for the purpoſe of malting and porter brewing. This ſubject has a neat and convenient counting-room adjoining to it, with a pump-well of good water, and is at preſent occupied by Meſſrs Jamieſon and Patton as a ſoap and candle work, (for which it likewiſe anſwers well), on a ſhort tack, at a conſiderable yearly rent.

ALSO, The WHOLE FORE TENEMENT OF LAND contiguous to the Brewerie, conſiſting of ſeveral commodious dwelling-houſes, for which there is a good yearly rent drawn.

The title-deeds (which are clear) are in the hands of William Tytler writer to the ſignet, who will inform as to particulars; and the ſubjects will be ſhown by the tenants.

By Adjournment, *and Price reduced.*

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, upon Friday the 10th day of Auguſt curt. at five o' clock afternoon,

A large and commodious HOUSE in Nicolſon's Street, Edinburgh, which belonged to the late LADY DIANA MIDDLETON, conſiſting of a ground or under ſtorey, two upper floors, and garret ſtorey.—The dining-room, on the firſt floor, is an elegant apartment of 30 feet long by 21 in breadth, and 15 feet high.—Behind the houſe is a Court of Offices, with ſtables, coach-houſe, well, and other conveniencies; together with a large Area, for a garden.

The title-deeds are in the hands of William Tytler writer to the ſignet, who will inform as to particulars; and the houſe will be ſhowed by John Smith, who reſides in the neighbourhood.

ALSO, in the month of November next, will be expoſed to ſale by public roup, in whole or in lots, The Lands and Eſtate of FETTERCAIRN, which belonged to the ſaid Lady Middleton, lying in the county of Kincardine; as the ſame, with the day and place of roup, and other particulars, ſhall be deſcribed in future advertiſements.

Application may be made in the mean time to the ſaid William Tytler at Edinburgh; Profeſſor Thomas Gordon, King's College, Aberdeen; and William Thom advocate in Aberdeen, who can inform as to the rental, and ſhew the title-deeds; and the eſtate will be ſhowed by the tenants, any time betwixt and the day of ſale.

ADJOURNED

JUDICIAL SALE of LANDS in Berwickſhire.

TO be SOLD, by Authority of the Court of Seſſion, within the Parliament-houſe, on Thurſday the 9th day of Auguſt 1781, between the hours of four and five afternoon,

The LANDS and ESTATE of LEETSIDE and HILTOWN MYRESIDE, which belonged to the deceaſed Robert Wood of Leetſide, in the following Lots:

LOT I.

The Lands and Eſtate of Whitſom, called LEETSIDE, lying in the united pariſhes of Whitſom and Hiltown, as preſently poſſeſſed by Matthew Laidler and John Dickſon, with the teinds, houſes, yards, and pertinents.

The proven yearly rent is	- -	L. 348	8 9
DEDUCTIONS.			
Miniſters ſtipend,	L. 8 13 10		
Schoolmaſter's ſalary,	0 9 4 9-12ths		
Feu-duties,	2 1 1 6-12ths		
		12	4 4 3-12ths
		L. 337	4 4 9-12ths

N. B. Theſe lands were formerly advertiſed to be ſet up at 7099 l. 1 s. 5 d. 3-12ths ſterling, being 21 years purchaſe of the free rent; but as Mr Home of Wedderburn has now obtained a decreet of declarator of the right of ſuperiority of the eight huſbandlands of Whitſom, part of this lot, and which formerly were underſtood to be held of the Crown, the whole of this lot will now be ſet up at 20 years purchaſe, being 6744 l. 7 s. 11 d.

The lands in this lot conſiſt of 363 acres 3 roods 9 perches, Engliſh meaſure. The ſoil is remarkably fine. The whole eſtate is well incloſed with ditches and hedges, which are in the very beſt order and condition; the incloſures are large, well laid out, and amply ſupplied with water; the ſituation is good and convenient, being within ſix Engliſh miles of Dunſe, ſeven of Berwick, and eight of Eyemouth, all great market towns. The ſtraw belongs to the ground, and goes along with the property.—The houſe and ſtables are good, and covered with Eaſdale ſlates; the barns, ſhades, and other out-houſes, are large and convenient; and the tenants are bound to keep all the houſes and fences on the eſtate in good and ſufficient condition, during their tacks, upon their own expences.

LOT II.

The Lands of HILTOWN MYRESIDE, with the teinds and pertinents occupied by Thomas Richardſon.

The yearly rent is	- - -	L. 36	0 0
Deductions,			
Miniſter's ſtipend	- - L. 0 2 10		
Schoolmaſter's ſalary	- - 0 4 1		
Blanch duties	- - 0 0 1½		
		0 7	0½
Total free rent	- -	L. 35	12 11½
Upſet-price, at 21 years purchaſe, is	- -	L. 748	12 1½

The lands hold blench of the Crown, and contain forty-one acres and two roods, Engliſh meaſure. They lie about a mile eaſt from the lands in lot 1ſt. are divided into two incloſures, both well ſupplied with water, and every way fencible. The ſtraw belongs to the ground; and the tenant is bound to uphold the houſes and fences in good condition, upon his own expences.

The articles and conditions of ſale to be ſeen in the hands of George Kirkpatrick, depute-clerk of Seſſion; and copies thereof, with the progreſs of writs, and a plan of the eſtate, are lodged with Alexander Abercromby, clerk to the ſignet; and copies of the articles are alſo to be ſeen in the hands of James Lorain, ſheriff-clerk of Berwick-ſhire.

UPON Tueſday the 7th day of Auguſt 1781, there is to be expoſed by public voluntary roup and ſale, at Hilton of Mailer, near Perth,

The Whole CROP of VICTUAL upon the

Farms of Upper and Nether Hilton, conſiſting of a conſiderable quantity of Wheat, Oats, Barley, and Peaſe, together with the Beſtial remaining unſold at the roup in May laſt, being moſtly two year olds, with two very good milk-cows and five horſes. For the encouragement of purchaſers, the victual will be ſet up in great or ſmall lots as they ſhall incline; and credit, upon good ſecurity, will be given till the 1ſt of May 1782.

The roup is to begin at ten o'clock forenoon preciſely, and will continue till all is ſold off.

By Adjournment, *and Upſet Price fixed.*

TO be SOLD, by roup or auction, within John's Coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 8th day of Auguſt 1781, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate of CARGEN, lying in

the pariſh of Traquair, and ſtewartry of Kirkcudbright, about three meaſured miles from Dumfries.

It conſiſts of about 720 Engliſh acres of exceeding fine rich loamy ſoil, laid out in the beſt manner, well watered, and ſubdivided with hedges, dykes, and ditches, and belts of planting from 60 to 70 feet wide. About 25 acres are planted in this manner with fir, oak, aſh, beech, and elm, which, with the hedges, are all in the moſt healthy and thriving condition, from five to twenty-five years old. The farm-houſes are in good repair, being all lately built.

The eſtate lies on a declivity, facing ſouth and ſouth-eaſt, along the banks of the river Nith, which is navigable for a good way above it. It has within itſelf an inexhauſtible fund of manure called Sea Sleetch, which, from experience, has been found equal, if not ſuperior to any other for raiſing all kinds of corn and graſs.

Near the centre of the eſtate is the Manſion-houſe, Garden, and Orchard, contiguous, pleaſantly ſituated. The orchard ſtored with the beſt fruit-trees, ſtandards as well as eſpalliers, all in healthy and thriving condition. Near the houſe, there is a complete court of offices conſiſting of barns, granary, ſtables, byres, ſheds and ſtraw, hog and poultry yards, and other conveniencies fit for the accommodation of a gentleman's family.

The rent of the eſtate previous to Whitſunday laſt was about 677 l. Owing to ſome of the farms being ſet from that term for one year, or ſhort endurances, and under reſtrictions as to tillage, the rent from Whitſunday laſt is only about 500 l.

The lands hold of ſubject-ſuperior, for payment of 3 l. 6 s. 8 d. of feu-duty, except a ſmall pendicle which holds of the Crown.

The valuation is 625 l. Scots.—The landlord is bound to pay the whole public burdens, which are the above-mentioned feu-duty of 3 l. 6 s. 8 d. the ceſs, with 2 l. 8 s. 10¾ d. of ſtipend, and 1 l. 3 s. 0½ d. of ſchool ſalary.—The teinds were valued in 1755, and the heritor has a tack thereof from the Crown, current till Lammas 1789.

The upſet price of this lot, for the encouragement of offerers, is Twelve Thouſand Pounds.

ALSO, to be SOLD, time and place foreſaid, the SUPERIORITY of the Eight-merk Land of DRUM, lying in the barony and pariſh of New Abbey, and ſtewartry foreſaid, which gives a freehold qualification in the county. The vaſſal pays a feu-duty of 13 s. 4 d. Sterling.—Upſet price One Hundred Pounds.

William Campbell writer to the ſignet will ſhew the title-deeds, rental, current leaſes, and conditions of ſale. Copies of the conditions of ſale, and inventory of writs, will be ſeen in the hands of Thomas Goldie writer in Dumfries. And thoſe who wiſh for further information may apply to them, or Mr Ludovick Grant, accomptant in Edinburgh.

SALE of a HOUSE and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

TO be SOLD, by public roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffee-houſe, in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 22d Auguſt 1781, between the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

The DWELLING-HOUSE and pertinents lately poſſeſſed by the Honourable Mr Baron Maule, lying on the north ſide of the High Street of Edinburgh, near the Netherbow.

The Houſe conſiſts of three floors and garrets, having upon the principal floor a drawing-room, bed-room, and cloſet, and an elegant library 30 feet by 20, and 18 feet high, fitted up with book-caſes. Between the drawing-room and library is a lobby, and in the back-ſtair a convenient water cloſet, with a leaden bath over it. In the attic ſtory, a bed-room of 19 by 20 feet, a neat dreſſing-room, and cloſet off it, and three other bed-rooms. The top-ſtorey conſiſts of a large garret, and a ſmall room off it. In the ground-floor is a dining parlour, with two convenient cellars fitted up with catacombs, a houſe-keeper's room, laundry, a lobby, and other conveniencies. There is a ſuperb kitchen detached from the houſe, to which there is an entrance by a covered paſſage, with a ſcullery, and two ſervants rooms above it. In the Court before the houſe are two ſtables, each having ſtalls for four horſes, and a ſaddle-room, granary, large hay-loft, and dung-court. Upon the end of the ſtable is a large vaulted cellar, which, beſides a ſufficient ſpace for pipes and hogſheads, is fitted up with about twenty catacombs. There is a water-pipe to the laundry, another to the kitchen, and another for the uſe of the ſtables. The houſe is ſurrounded with an area laid out in graſs with a gravel walk; and at the corner of the area is a convenient houſe of office.——Alſo, to be ſold along with the premiſſes, a Coach-houſe lying in St Mary's wynd, of 19 by 18 feet.

The title-deeds will be ſhown by William Leſlie writer to the ſignet, who is impowered to conclude a private bargain. The houſe may be ſeen on Thurſday next, and every Tueſday, Thurſday, and Saturday thereafter, from eleven o'clock forenoon till two o'clock afternoon, until the day of ſale.

On Monday the 6th Auguſt, will begin to be ſold by auction, the FURNITURE in ſaid dwelling-houſe, conſiſting of a great variety of articles of the very beſt quality, and the ſale will continue until the whole is diſpoſed of.

SALE of LANDS in ABERDEEN-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD, the WHOLE LANDS and FISHINGS in the pariſh of SLAINS, and ſhire of Aberdeen, belonging to the Earl of Errol.

Theſe Lands hold of the Crown, lie within twelve miles of the town of Aberdeen, are very extenſive and improveable, being well ſupplied with lime ſtone, and accommodated with plenty of moſs.

At the Fiſh-town of Colliſton, there is a commodious and ſafe harbour for veſſels from fifty to ſixty tons burden; and the water of Ythan runs along the ſouth ſide of the lands of Slains, and is navigable a conſiderable way above them.

ALSO, The Lands of LUDQUHAIRN, which lie in the pariſh of Langſide, barony of Kellie, and within the ſheriffdom of Aberdeen. Theſe Lands are low rented, very improveable, and well accommodated with moſs. They hold feu of the Earl of Fife, for payment of 21 l. 6 s. 8 d. Scots.

ALSO, The SUPERIORITY of the following Lands, lying in the ſhire of Aberdeen, viz.

The Lands of ATROCHIE, TIPPARTIE, and TAARTIE, lying in the pariſh of Logie Buchan.

PITMEDDEN, and MILL of TORRIE, lying in the pariſh of Udney.

The Lands of KINNINMONTH, and part of the lands of CRIMOND and BLAIRMOMONTH, lying in the pariſhes of Crimond and Lonmay.

The Superiority of the Lands of ELSICK, lying in the pariſh of Fetteresſo, and ſhire of Kincardine. And

The Superiorities of the Lands of LEYES, ROSS, CHAPELHILL, POLCACK, and GOURDIES, lying in the ſhire of Perth.

The rentals and plans of the lands, the title-deeds and conditions of ſale, are to be ſeen in the hands of John Wauchope writer to the ſignet; to whom, or to George Moir, Eſq; of Scottſtown, at Aberdeen, and Alexander Elles writer in Peterhead, any perſons intending to purchaſe may apply.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 9th day of Auguſt 1781, betwixt the hours of 4 and 6 afternoon, by Lodovick Grant accomptant in Edinburgh, Truſtee for Thomas Walker, Eſq; of St Ford, and his Creditors,

The PARK and GARDEN, lying near the

village of Newhaven, preſently poſſeſſed by James Auchinleck gardener. This piece of ground is extremely well ſituated for a villa, being in the vicinity of Edinburgh, and commanding a moſt agreeable proſpect of the Frith of Forth, and of the adjacent coaſts on both ſides, in the counties of Lothian and Fife. The extent of the ground is about eight acres. It holds feu of the Trinity Houſe of Leith, for payment of 18 l. 5 s. 4 d. 6-12ths yearly, is preſently let at 33 l. 7 s. 6 d. ſterl. and for the encouragement of purchaſers, the upſet price is reduced to 340 l. ſterling.

The ſubjects will be ſhown by the ſaid James Auchinleck; and the articles of roup and title-deeds are in the hands of Edward Bruce writer to the ſignet, to whom, or Mr Grant the Truſtee, thoſe intending to become purchaſers may apply.

SALE of LAND in the County of Forfar.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by public auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe of Edinburgh, on Friday the 17th day of Auguſt curt. at five o'clock in the afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtate of KINNORDY and INVERCARITY, lying in the pariſhes of Kirriemuir, Tannadyce, Lentrathen, and Glenisla, and ſhire of Forfar, the yearly free rent whereof, including the riſes which take place in 1781, is 1755 l. 13 s. 3 d. Sterling.—There is a great number of ſervices and carriages not rentalled, which, at the ordinary converſions, would amount to about 50 l. ſterling per annum; and in 1782, and three following years, additional riſes come on to the extent of about 35 l.

The lands lie moſtly contiguous, in the rich and agreeable country of *Strathmore*, about three miles from Forfar, nine from Brechin, and much the ſame diſtance from Cupar of Angus, all good market towns.

The eſtate is very extenſive and improveable, having inexhauſtible *marle* and *moſs*; the *firſt* of which, for many years paſt, has produced about 200 l. the *laſt* about 50 l. per annum; and the demand is increaſing, the marle for ſeaſon 1780 having produced 370 l. There is a large improveable muir in the neighbourhood of the marle; of which, on a legal diviſion, the greateſt part will fall to this eſtate. The mains of Kinnordy and Invercarity are incloſed with ſtone dykes, or ditches and hedges; and there is both at Kinnordy and Invercarity a great deal of thriving planting of different ages, and a good deal of it fit for cutting.

There is a moſt excellent manſion-houſe at Kinnordy, fit to accommodate any family, with a complete ſet of offices entirely new; a large kitchen garden, and good pigeon-houſe.

The lands hold partly of the Crown, entitling the proprietor to two votes at elections for members of Parliament, and partly of ſubjects ſuperiors, for payment of ſmall feu-duties. The proprietor has right to the teinds of all the lands, except two ſmall parcels; and of one of theſe the teinds are valued.

The eſtate will be expoſed to ſale either *in cumulo*, at 41,000 l. ſterl. or in the following LOTS, at the upſet prices after ſpecified.

LOT I.

The Mains and Manor-place of KINNORDY, with the policy, garden, and offices; the Lands of Little Inchcauſeway-end, Catlawburn, Meikle Mill, and Mill-Lands; the lands of Clockmill, Balbrydie, Lochdrum, Mid-brae, Baſtardbrae, Cowlhawk, Meikle Cramond Inch, and Moſſide Parks, whereof the free rent, including 11 l. of riſe in 1781, with 200 l. for marle, 50 l. for moſs, and 19 l. 14 s. 9 d. for feu-duties, is 868 l. 18 s. 5 d. beſides a farther riſe of 10 l. 7 s. 5 d. which comes on in 1782, and 3 l. 6 s. 8 d. in 1784. The upſet price is 19,000 l.

On the Mains is a great deal of planting, valued above 1400 l. beſides about 300 acres of Clune-Hill, incloſed, and planted in a very thriving way, and valued at 15 l. per annum, but not rentalled.

The lands lie in the pariſh of Kirriemuir, and hold of a ſubject ſuperior, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty; but ſuperiorities in the pariſh of Tannadyce, to the extent of a freehold qualification, will be diſponed to the purchaſer of this lot.

LOT II.

The MAINS of INVERCARITY, with the tower, fortalice, and incloſures; the lands of Crieff, and hill thereof; parks of Lintlay, and Birkhill, Corn-mill and Lint-mill, Mill-lands, Sparrowdrum, Greenmyre, Muirhouſes, and Weſter Shealhill, lying in the pariſh of Kirriemuir: And the lands of Turfachie, Drumhead, Well-bank, Coſſacks, and Dunipark, with the Corn-mill and Waulk-mill, lying in the pariſh of Tannadyce, oppoſite to Invercarity, whereof the yearly free-rent, including the riſes in 1781, is 415 l. 18 s. 3 d. The upſet price to be 10,700 l.——The lands lie in a fine ſporting country, and have a great deal of thriving planting on them, (whereof a conſiderable part is juſt now fit for cutting), exceeding 1500 l. ſterl. in value, and a right of ſalmon fiſhing on the South Eſk for above a mile on both ſides of the river. At the junction of the Esk, Proſen, and Carity, ſtands the old caſtle, which, with ſome additions, would accommodate a private family. The ſituation is remarkably beautiful and romantic, and commands an extenſive proſpect of the ſtrath down to Brechin and Montroſe.—The lands hold partly of the Crown, entitling to a freehold-qualification, and partly of a ſubject ſuperior, for a ſmall feu-duty. And the rent riſes 16 l. 6 s. 8 d. in 1782, and the three following years.

LOT III.

MEAMS, Miln thereof, and Mill-lands, Balnagarrow, Chapeltown, Dykeſide, and Caldhame, whereof the yearly free-rent, including the riſes in 1781, is 203 l. 9 s. 4 d. ſterl. and it riſes 5 l. more in 1782. The upſet price to be 4700 l.

On this lot is a thriving plantation of about 36 Scots acres of ground. The lands are very improveable, lie near the marle, and the thriving village of Kirriemuir, and hold of a ſubject ſuperior for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

LOT IV.

The lands of OVER and NETHER MEGBIES, in the pariſh of Kirriemuir, the free-yearly rent whereof is 80 l. 6 s. 4 d. and the upſet-price to be 2000 l.—The lands are of an excellent ſoil, in the neighbourhood of marle, and have a large improveable property-muir adjacent to them, not rentalled. The markets of Kirriemuir ſtand there; tent-meal is drawn by the proprietor, and his tenants pay no cuſtom.

LOT V.

The Lands of EASTER COULL, and Sir John Ogilvy's part of the Lands of BALLINTORE, Weſtertown, Langdrum, and Burnſide, lying in the pariſh of Lentrathan; the free rent whereof is 331 l. 9 s. 6 d. Alſo, an heritable right and tack of the Earl of Airly's part of Balintore, redeemable on payment of 2000 merks Scots. To be expoſed together at 1050 l. The lands afford excellent paſture, are of conſiderable extent, and very improveable. They are to hold feu of the purchaſer of lot I. for payment of 6 pennies Scots feu-duty.

LOT VI.

Lands of WESTMILL of GLENISLA, and miln thereof, Dalnaeabock, Eaſter and Weſter Ward, and Dalchally, lying in the pariſh of Glenisla, whereof the free rent is 48 l. 9 s. 11 d. and the upſet price is to be 1100 l. They lie in the mouth of the Highlands, in a fine ſporting country, and very proper for goat whey quarters, having a ſmall ſlated dwelling-houſe lately repaired. They hold of a ſubject ſuperior for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

LOT VII.

NEWTOWN PARKS, being fourteen in number, Little Park, Quarry, and Whammond's Faulds, whereof the yearly free-rent is 105 l. 1 s. 4 d. and the upſet price is to be 2500 l.—Theſe incloſures lie hard by the town of Kirriemuir, on the declivity of the hill, have a beautiful expoſure to the ſouth; and might be feued and builded on to great advantage, there being an excellent free-ſtone quarry in one of the incloſures, plenty of good water, and clumps of thriving firs belonging to them.

Perſons inclining a private bargain betwixt and the day of ſale, may apply to Alex. Farquharſon, Eſq; accomptant in Edinburgh, or to John Gordon clerk to the ſignet, in whoſe hands the title-deeds, articles of ſale, and meaſurement of the lands may be ſeen.

The overſeer at Kinnordy will ſhew the houſe and different lots of the eſtate.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN and THOMAS ROBERTSON, and ſold at their Printing-houſe in the PARLIAMENT-CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in. This Paper is regularly publiſhed every Monday, Wedneſday, and Saturday.——The price as follows: *viz.* 46 *s.* 6 *d. per annum*, when ſent by poſt; 40 *s.* 6 *d.* when ſent to any houſe in this city or ſuburbs; 37 *s.* 6 *d.* when called for at the Printing-houſe; and a ſingle paper 3 *d.*